

제 3 회

외국어(영어) 영역

70분

100점

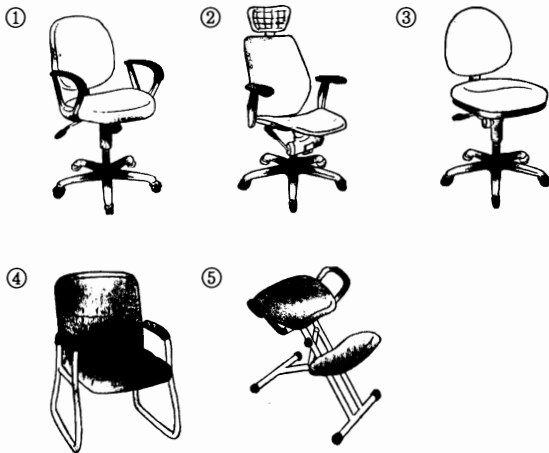
성명

수험 번호

- 문제지에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 써 넣으시오.
- 답안지에 성명과 수험 번호를 써 넣고, 또 수험 번호와 답을 정확히 표시하시오.
- 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점입니다.

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고, 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 구입할 의자를 고르시오.



2. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 심정으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① impatient ② relieved ③ confident
- ④ satisfied ⑤ proud

3. 다음을 듣고, 무엇에 관한 설명인지 고르시오.

- ① 키보드의 기능 ② 키보드 청소하는 법
- ③ 키보드 사용의 유의점 ④ 키보드 선택의 유의점
- ⑤ 키보드의 다양한 종류

4. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁하는 일을 고르시오.

- ① 옷을 수선해 줄 것 ② 옷을 디자인해 줄 것
- ③ 봉사 활동에 참여시켜 줄 것 ④ 자선 단체에 기부할 것
- ⑤ 자선 바자에 출품해 줄 것

5. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 사진 촬영 ② 사진 현상 ③ 사진 찾기
- ④ 액자 만들기 ⑤ 카메라 구입

6. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 한 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① to entertain ② to advertise ③ to explain
- ④ to praise ⑤ to introduce

7. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 대학을 다니는 데 일 년 간 필요한 총액을 고르시오.

- ① \$22,000 ② \$23,500 ③ \$26,500
- ④ \$27,000 ⑤ \$28,500

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

- ① mechanic ... garage manager ② driver ... police officer
- ③ mother ... son ④ customer ... police officer
- ⑤ customer ... garage manager

9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

- ① hotel ② laundry ③ repair center
- ④ swimming pool ⑤ real estate agency

10. 다음 면접평가표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 뽑기로 한 사람들을 고르시오.

Interview Evaluation

Person	School record	Activeness	Work experience	Language skills
A	Excellent	Passive	Two years	Spanish
B	Average	Active	Two years	None
C	Poor	Active	Two years	Spanish
D	Excellent	Passive	None	Spanish & French
E	Average	Active	Two years	Spanish

- ① B, C ② A, D ③ C, D
- ④ C, E ⑤ A, E

11. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 가져올 것을 고르시오.

- ① flowers ② beer ③ wine
- ④ orange juice ⑤ birthday cake

12. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 사막에서 가장 감명 깊었던 것을 고르시오.

- ① sand ② insects ③ sunset
- ④ rocks ⑤ plants

13. 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오. [1점]



- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

14. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman: _____

- ① Okay. We won't be late.
- ② Oh, well, two o'clock then.
- ③ Thank you. It's great to be here.
- ④ Certainly, but isn't it a little late?
- ⑤ Well, you're not going to believe it.

15. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

M: _____

- ① Of course. I'm more tired when the commute is long.
- ② I think so. I need to get a physical exam once a year.
- ③ I agree. We should maintain healthy eating habits all the time.
- ④ You're right. I think I might have to move back to the suburbs.
- ⑤ Yes, even though moving is difficult, it can also be a new adventure.

16. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman: _____

- ① Thanks. You're so nice.
- ② Yes, I did. They were so fast and so beautiful.
- ③ Well, I'm afraid it's going to rain.
- ④ Yeah, I'm sure you'll see them next time.
- ⑤ Okay, let's stay awake far into the night.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Anita가 Michael에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Anita: _____

- ① Your seats are in the balcony. Please follow me.
- ② This place is too crowded. Let's go somewhere else.
- ③ You've been a great help. I've never been here before.
- ④ You have to get the tickets first. There's the ticket booth.
- ⑤ The concert will start in ten minutes. Please take your seats.

이제 듣기 문제가 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하시기 바랍니다.

18. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 it(its)가 가리키는 대상이 같은 것끼리 짝지은 것은? [1점]

Since language tends to become the chief instrument of learning about many things, let us see how (A) it works. When the mother is taking the infant out of doors, she says "hat" as she puts something on the baby's head. Being taken out becomes an interest to the child; mother and child not only go out with each other physically, but both are concerned in the going out; they enjoy (B) it in common. By conjunction with the other factors in activity the sound "hat" soon gets the same meaning for the child that (C) it has for the parent. The bare fact that language consists of sounds which are mutually intelligible is enough to show that (D) its meaning depends upon connection with a shared experience.

- ① (A), (B) ② (A), (D) ③ (B), (C)
- ④ (B), (D) ⑤ (C), (D)

19. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 these people이 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Close your eyes and imagine that you are somewhere that's special to you. It could be a favorite park, soccer field, or your own backyard. Chances are that these people had a hand in designing some of the beautiful outdoor places you see every day. They first analyze the nature around the place where they are working. They think about the weather, the kind of soil, the hills, the water, and the plants that are there. They see where sunlight falls at different times. They also look at existing buildings, roads, and walkways. Then, they draw what they want the landscape to look like. They work with teams of urban planners and contractors to implement the plans. Today many of them are working on projects to help the environment or to fix historic places.

- ① 목수 ② 정원사 ③ 고고학자
- ④ 조경 설계사 ⑤ 공사장 인부

20. (A), (B), (C) 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현을 골라 짝지은 것으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

During the Industrial Revolution, the growing industries needed inventions and new technology. However, these inventions did not come from science and theory. It is pointed out that their inventors were 'talented tinkers' who worked (A) independent / independently of or were ignorant of contemporary science. Yet it was (B) they / those who made important contributions to the leading industries of steel, motors, electricity, telecommunication, and aviation. Alexander Graham Bell, for example, was a speech teacher. He invented the telephone while he was looking for a way to help the deaf (C) to amplify / by amplifying sound. Thomas A. Edison invented the light bulb, the moving picture, and the phonograph, among other things. However, he knew little about theoretical science.

- | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|-----------------|-------|---------------|
| ① independent | they | to amplify |
| ② independent | those | to amplify |
| ③ independently | they | by amplifying |
| ④ independently | those | by amplifying |
| ⑤ independently | they | to amplify |

21. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

Many years ago, when my daughter was five years old, I noticed that she was nervous ① about starting kindergarten. So on the morning of her first day of school, I gave her a large plain button from my sewing box ② that I called the "Love Button." ③ Before given it to her, I held it to my heart and filled it with my love. Then I put it into her pocket and told her to touch it or hold it whenever she was feeling sad or needed my comfort. ④ It worked so well that she kept it for many years. My daughter ⑤ is married now and recently moved to the East Coast. On the day she left, I gave her another Love Button filled with my love. I bet she still keeps it in her pocket.

22. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

If experiments at the University of California, Berkeley, are any indication, future explorers of our solar system may well find diamonds hailing down through the atmospheres of Neptune and Uranus. ① These planets contain a high proportion of methane, which can turn into diamond at the high temperatures and pressures found inside these planets. ② If these diamonds formed, they would fall like raindrops or hailstones toward the center of the planets. ③ The researchers produced these conditions inside a diamond anvil cell, squeezing liquid methane to several hundred thousand times atmospheric pressure. ④ Except for trace impurities like boron and nitrogen, diamond is composed solely of carbon, the chemical element that is fundamental to all life.

⑤ When they focused a laser beam on the pressurized liquid, heating it to some 5,000 degrees Fahrenheit, diamond dust appeared.

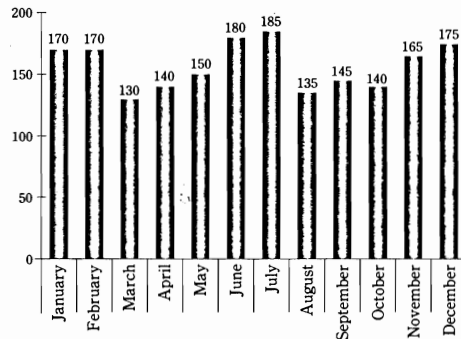
23. 다음 글을 쓴 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

In your particular work, you are an expert. As such, you know the value of consulting with other experts in order to benefit from their knowledge and suggestions. Suppose that you had a group of experts in the field of business, economics, and finance with whom you could consult at anytime. Then suppose that this remarkable group sent you, every week, a clear, comprehensive, joint report for your personal use and application. You would gladly pay twenty-four dollars a year for their services, wouldn't you? You get all this in *World Survey*, the new magazine for business people. You cannot afford to be without it. If you act now, the enclosed card entitles you to a forty percent discount on a one-year subscription. This offer is good for a limited time only. Send in the card today.

- ① 전문가에게 자문을 요청하려고
- ② 전문 지식의 중요성을 강조하려고
- ③ 잡지 구독료 인하 방침을 통보하려고
- ④ 전문 사업가가 되는 방법을 소개하려고
- ⑤ 사업가를 위한 잡지 구독을 광고하려고

24. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Number of Enrollments in the ELI in 2005



The chart shows the fluctuations in the numbers of international students attending the ELI (English Language Institute) of a university in 2005. ① At the start of the year the number was quite high at 170, and ② the student population remained the same until the end of February when forty graduated from ELI. In April and May, ten extra students enrolled in ELI courses each month. ③ There was a sharp increase in June when thirty new students entered the courses. In July there was only an increase of five students. In comparison to the first semester, ④ there was a sharp drop in numbers as fifty students left, leaving only 135 students in ELI for August. ⑤ From here until the end of the year there was a steady rise in student numbers to a peak of 175 in December.

[25~28] 다음 글을 읽고, 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

25. Six young disabled men were slated to compete against one another in Seattle, Washington. The event was the hundred-yard dash. The men lined up, waited for the starting gun, and took off in a sprint. About halfway down the track, the man in front stumbled and fell, skinning his hands and knees. The other five men stopped and helped him up. After they brushed him off and were sure that he was unhurt, they decided to finish the race together, holding hands. None of the judges could tell who won the blue ribbon. No one in the stands that day would ever forget this demonstration of _____. As the race ended, the crowd stood and cheered for ten minutes.

- ① humility ② integrity ③ persistence
④ passion ⑤ compassion

26. In 1883 in Allentown, New Jersey, a wooden Indian — the kind that was seen in front of cigar stores — was placed on the ballot for Justice of the Peace. The candidate was registered under the fictitious name of Abner Robbins. When the ballots were counted, Abner won over incumbent Sam Davis by seven votes. A similar thing happened in 1938. The name Boston Curtis appeared on the ballot for Republican Committeeman from Wilton, Washington. Actually, Boston Curtis was a mule. The town's mayor sponsored the animal to demonstrate that people know very little about the candidates. He proved his point — _____.

- ① no one voted ② the mule won ③ he was elected
④ the people abstained from voting
⑤ the candidates were disappointed

27. Psychologist Breznitz studied the stress hormone levels in the bloodstreams of Israeli soldiers after a forced march. He had several groups of soldiers march forty kilometers, but gave each group different information. Some groups marched thirty kilometers and then were told they had ten more kilometers to go. Other groups were told they were to march sixty kilometers, but only marched forty. The results of the stress hormone level tests were astounding. In every case the stress hormone levels reflected what they believed about how far they had marched, and not the actual distance marched. Dr. Breznitz gave the soldiers false information. They adjusted their belief based on the false information and the belief changed their blood chemistry. This shows that one good way to lower stress is _____.

- ① to make your daily life predictable
② to take a walk every day regularly
③ to find the sources of your stress
④ to get the right information at the right time
⑤ to change the direction of your thinking

28. A recent theme in the popular media has been the decline in the quality and nutritional value of the food that we buy. Newspapers in particular warn us of the problems associated with convenience and takeout food. People buy a particular product because they need or desire it. People buy ready-prepared food because it fits into the busy lives that they have chosen to live. Convenience food is cheaper to buy in the first instance, and it also allows people to spend more time earning money at work. In the past people ate low-quality food because they were poor, but now they eat convenience food so that they can _____.

- ① save money ② buy more organic food
③ spend more time cooking ④ maintain a certain lifestyle
⑤ keep their privacy protected

29. 다음 글의 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은?

As the ceremony continued, another bowl of *kava* was prepared, and my friend Iso arrived with a guitar. The atmosphere of the room was unlike any other gathering. The happiest people I had ever known were fighting their inner emotion. I sat and listened to each song as I studied the faces of the family. Noticing a profound change, I realized how truly hard this goodbye was for them. My unexpected arrival had brought a new and wonderful light to the village and I could see that they felt that light was fading. I tried to smile reassuringly, but my eyes were already speaking my true emotion. Looking back, I don't know how I suppressed a flood of tears during the farewell song.

- ① icy and stiff ② sad and grave ③ happy and lively
④ noisy and festive ⑤ tense and stressful

30. 다음 그림을 바탕으로 한 글의 흐름으로 보아, 밑줄 친 단어의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

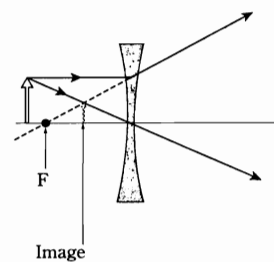


Figure 1

Light waves passing through concave lenses are scattered away. This ① convergence occurs because the lens is thinner in the center than on the periphery, causing light entering the lens to be

② refracted away from its center. The bi-concave lens illustrated in Figure 1 shows that light waves are refracted as if they were ③ emitted from a point behind the lens. These waves converge on a negative focal point, labeled F in Figure 1. Since light does not actually converge on this point, it is called a virtual focus and the ④ corresponding image is a virtual image. Virtual images appear ⑤ erect, but can only be viewed with the aid of another lens.

31. (A), (B), (C) 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말을 골라 짝지은 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The polar regions of the world have long intrigued explorers. People from many countries (A) aspired / expired to be the first to reach the North Pole. Through the 1800s, explorers who sailed to the Arctic and the Antarctic were fascinated by the beauty of the frozen landscape. The initial exploration of these remote areas was done on foot or with the help of sleds. Those first (B) expeditions / expenditures were badly handicapped by terrible weather and extreme cold. In the far north, where there is no land under the ice, explorers had to surmount the problem of constantly shifting ice. In the south, they had to overcome the problems of high (C) altitude / aptitude.

- | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|
| ① aspired | expeditions | altitude |
| ② aspired | expeditions | aptitude |
| ③ aspired | expenditures | altitude |
| ④ expired | expeditions | altitude |
| ⑤ expired | expenditures | aptitude |

32. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Most people who live in relatively mild climates rarely view bad weather as more than an inconvenience, but in less fortunate parts of the world a change in weather can have disastrous consequences for an entire society.

- (A) This destructive weather phenomenon, called "El Niño" (The Christ Child) because it occurs at Christmastime, has sometimes forced the entire fishing villages to disband and move elsewhere merely to avoid starvation.
- (B) Occasionally, however, global weather patterns cause the current to fail, setting off a deadly chain reaction. Without nutrients, the fish and squid die, depriving the villagers of their livelihood.
- (C) Weather fluctuations along the northwest coast of South America, for instance, can periodically have a dramatic effect on the area's fishing villages. Under normal circumstances, the cold, steadily flowing waters of the Humboldt Current bring nutrients up from the sea floor along the coast, providing a dependable food supply for fish and squid.

- ① (A)-(B)-(C) ② (B)-(A)-(C) ③ (B)-(C)-(A)
 ④ (C)-(A)-(B) ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

33. 다음 글에 드러난 필자의 어머니의 심경을 가장 잘 나타낸 것은?

Once every year, my aunt Anne on my mother's side comes up from New York to spend a week with us. On the day of her arrival, my mother always refuses her five o'clock cup of tea. My father, who for days has been the victim of this mounting

enthusiasm of preparation, shows patience and acceptance because he knows that she will not be back to normal until her sister arrives. My mother organizes the entire family into groups, making us clean the entire house two times. During the half an hour before my aunt arrives, my mother is even more hectic whirling around the entire house, running to the door every time the doorbell rings.

- ① calm and comfortable ② anticipating and excited
 ③ depressed and sorrowful ④ concerned and frightened
 ⑤ furious and disappointed

34. 다음 글에서 필자의 주장으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Although women now have the freedom to choose whether or not they have children, it is generally a joint decision between the partners involved. In fact, in cultures which remain strongly traditional, the decision to have a baby may well be affected by society, family, and the man of the family, rather than the mother. Furthermore, in most modern societies, with increasing expectations from both men and women, there is an obvious need for major decisions, such as starting a family, to be taken jointly. Thus it is unreasonable to suggest that women are solely responsible for the decision to have a child, and therefore it is unreasonable that they are solely responsible for bringing the child up.

- ① 결혼은 의무가 아니라 선택 사항이다.
 ② 국가가 자녀의 양육을 지원해야 한다.
 ③ 출산과 양육은 부부 공동의 책임이다.
 ④ 결혼은 당사자의 결정에 맡겨야 한다.
 ⑤ 미래를 위하여 출산을 장려해야 한다.

35. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

For example, if they get into trouble in their free time, they need to be busier.

I have a rule of thumb for deciding if my teenagers have too many activities and commitments in their life: If they can keep up with their schoolwork and get enough sleep so that they're healthy, they're probably not too busy. (①) I can also tell if they are too busy or not busy enough by their actions and comments. (②) On the other hand, if they're stressed out from all their demands and commitments, they need to be less busy. (③) I limit their part-time jobs to a maximum of twelve hours per week, and persuade them to have time to enjoy themselves, and to be bored occasionally. (④) Too much idle time is not good at this age, but a bit of it can be a time for introspection and creativity. (⑤) Parents need to help them find a good balance between being too idle and being too active.

[36~37] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

36. Many people in the world live in towns, villages, and even cities that do not have good buses or trains. Without their private cars these people could not go to work, go shopping, or visit their relatives or friends. Also, in many towns and cities buses stop before midnight, but people are busy twenty-four hours a day. In addition, cars help the economy. First, the car industry gives jobs to many people in the world and helps countries to develop. Second, many people today need cars in their work. Doctors need to visit patients, salespeople need to visit customers, and computer technicians need to visit businesses. Cars may cause problems, but it is impossible to live without them in modern life. [1점]

- ① contributions of the car industry to modern life
- ② the bad effects of poor public transportation
- ③ worsening pollution caused by private cars
- ④ private cars and the improved living standards
- ⑤ the need for private cars in the modern world

37. One of the key ingredients to a successful person is having a mentor. Next to being directly mentored by people of great success would be to read the first-hand account of how they made it. An autobiography allows you to get inside of a person's thinking and emotions about the most impacting events of one's life. You can usually find some things that you will be able to relate to in your own life and gain valuable insight into how this very successful person had handled or related to a similar experience. In an autobiography, you will find out about the key decisions they made that led to the development of their passion for their goals, their attitude, how they accepted defeat, and how they enjoyed victory. Let them mentor you through their autobiographies.

- ① keys to a successful business plan
- ② the pleasure of reading an autobiography
- ③ the importance of a mentor as your guide
- ④ getting expert advice through an autobiography
- ⑤ the definition and components of an autobiography

38. 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것끼리 짝지은 것은?

There are no observations that invalidate evolution as the only useful scientific explanation available. _____ (A) _____, for individuals lacking a broad background in biology and geology, it is not easy to relate these observations to the conclusion that evolution is a useful theory and the only scientific explanation. Unfortunately, this is true for many conclusions in science. _____ (B) _____, the Big Bang theory means little to most of us if we are told that the evidence is that the spectral lines in light from distant stars show a shift toward red. If one accepts that the Big

Bang is highly probable, it will almost certainly be because he accepts not the evidence but what the cosmologist says about its significance.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| (A) | (B) | (A) | (B) |
| ① Nevertheless ... | For example | ② Therefore ... | For example |
| ③ Nevertheless ... | In addition | ④ Instead ... | In addition |
| ⑤ Therefore ... | In addition | | |

39. 언급된 동물에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

It's hard to believe, but the manatees were sometimes mistaken for sea nymphs by sailors. The characteristics of these interesting water animals make it hard to understand such an error. Manatees use their two small front flippers to crawl along ocean or river bottoms. Their flat, horizontal tails are pumped up and down to move them along. Despite their small eyes and lack of outer ears, manatees can see and hear quite well. In spite of their frightening physical features, these mammoth creatures are unusually shy and docile. Manatees communicate by squealing under water to demonstrate fear, stress, or excitement. They are herbivores and eat marine and freshwater plants. Because of their insatiable appetite for underwater weeds, they are used to clear waterways in Florida.

- ① 시력과 청력이 매우 뛰어나다.
- ② 동작이 매우 빠르고 공격적이다.
- ③ 물속에서 소리를 내서 의사소통한다.
- ④ 민물과 바닷물에서 서식한다.
- ⑤ 수초를 제거하는 용도로 쓰이기도 한다.

40. Jimmy Durante에 관한 설명 중 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Famous entertainer Jimmy Durante was asked to be a part of a show for World War II veterans. He said he could only do one short monologue for a few minutes as his schedule was very busy. The show's director agreed happily. But when Jimmy got on stage, something interesting happened. He went through the short monologue and then stayed. The applause grew louder and louder and he kept staying. Pretty soon, he had been on fifteen, twenty, then thirty minutes. Finally he took a last bow and left the stage. Backstage the director stopped him and said, "I thought you had to go after a few minutes. What happened?" Jimmy answered, "I did have to go, but I can show you the reason I stayed. You can see for yourself if you'll look down on the front row." In the front row were two men, each of whom had lost an arm in the war. One had lost his right arm and the other had lost his left. Together, they were able to clap, and that's exactly what they were doing, loudly and cheerfully.

- ① 제대한 병사들 앞에서 공연을 했다.
- ② 일정이 바빠서 짧게 출연하기로 했다.
- ③ 무대 위에서 30분 이상 서 있었다.
- ④ 감독과 함께 관객들 앞으로 나갔다.
- ⑤ 상이용사들에게서 깊은 감동을 받았다.

[41~42] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

41. Each day we read about the merging of companies, banks, and multinational corporations into ever bigger entities. As they grew bigger, they gained more control and a greater monopoly of the markets. Thus we can easily understand why most people think big is better. While thinking big may be good for corporations, the same does not necessarily apply to a relationship. In a relationship, thinking small is better. Thinking small means paying attention to details and taking the time to make small gestures and actions count — something we often ignore when we deal with people, whether they are our loved ones, our friends, or our colleagues. Caught in the rat race, we often forget that little gestures can leave lasting impressions. Remember a little thing — it means a lot to our loved ones.

- ① Begin in a Friendly Way
- ② Think Big and Move Fast
- ③ What You See Is What You Get
- ④ Little Things Make a Difference
- ⑤ Big Success Comes from Small Steps

42. Pulling into my service station forty-five minutes late one morning, I shouted to the customers, "I'll turn the pumps on right away!" What I didn't know was that the night crew had left them on all night. By the time I got to the office, most of the cars had filled up and driven off. Only one customer stayed to pay. My heart sank. Then the customer pulled a wad of cash from his pocket and handed it to me. "We kept passing the money to the last guy," he said. "We figured you'd get here sooner or later."

- ① Excuses for Being Late ② Honesty and Trust Are Alive
- ③ Good Service for Customers ④ Better Late Than Never
- ⑤ First Come, First Served

[43~44] 다음 글이 시사하는 바로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

43. What's the difference between those people who build successful lives and those who often fail? What do those rags-to-riches people have in common? One common thread is that they are not afraid to take risks. This does not mean that successful people are reckless with their futures, but simply that when the possibility comes around for them to take one step towards their dream, they are willing to take that step. We are all faced with similar opportunities on a regular basis. It's our fear of change or our fear of the unexpected that prevents us from taking those

steps towards our dreams. When the possibility for a better future comes along, don't be afraid to take on the burden of uncertainty. Break that fear, and you will be one step closer to personal success.

- ① Every cloud has a silver lining.
- ② The more haste, the less speed.
- ③ Don't bite the hand that feeds you.
- ④ Nothing ventured, nothing gained.
- ⑤ One swallow does not make a summer.

44. General Stonewall Jackson found his army on one side of a river when it needed to be on the other side. After telling his engineers to plan and build a bridge so the army could cross, he called his wagon master in to tell him that it was urgent that the wagon train cross the river as soon as possible. The wagon master started gathering all the logs, rocks, and fence rails he could find and built a bridge. Long before daylight General Jackson was told by his wagon master all the wagons and artillery had crossed the river. General Jackson asked where the engineers were and what they were doing. The wagon master's reply was that they were in their tent discussing the best plan for building a bridge.

- ① 남의 떡이 커 보인다. ② 말보다 실천이 중요하다.
- ③ 아는 것이 힘이다. ④ 심는 대로 거둔다.
- ⑤ 빈 수레가 요란하다.

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것끼리 짝지은 것은?

A recent food research program relayed surprising news to the public about what exactly influences the food choices of adults. Researchers conducted in-depth interviews with middle-aged customers buying their groceries in supermarkets across the country. Interestingly enough, the researchers discovered that most people who were fond of salty foods had been given mostly salty foods during their childhood. This trend was found to be the same across all food types, with adults enjoying vegetables if they had been fed a lot of greens as a child, or enjoying mostly meat if meat had been their main childhood consumption.



An individual's _____ (A) _____ are influenced by his or her _____ (B) _____.

- | (A) | (B) |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| ① table manners | childhood foods |
| ② food preferences | cultural differences |
| ③ eating habits | health concerns |
| ④ food preferences | childhood foods |
| ⑤ eating habits | cultural differences |

[46~48] 다음 두 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

(A)
An estimated ninety percent of all wildfires are ignited by _____. Western states that have witnessed significant population growth over the past decade, such as Colorado, Arizona, Montana, and New Mexico, are now experiencing massive wildfires and high levels of property damage. Increased residential and commercial development in rural, heavily wooded areas directly increases the opportunities for fires — considering that it only takes a spark from a grill or poorly discarded cigarette to start a blaze. More homes in volatile areas need more fire fighting resources. Federal and local governments must improve zoning laws that will create **a buffer zone** between development and wilderness.

(B)
Wildfires are _____ occurrences that are essential for ensuring (a) healthy forests and wilderness areas. The recent increase in home and property damage from wildfires is the result of (b) poor forest management by the federal government rather than increased development. For much of the past century, the U.S. Forest Service and National Park Service have engaged in a policy of completely suppressing wildfires. (c) This prevention effort has created forests that are littered with dead foliage and unchecked undergrowth that fuel wildfires, as they are highly combustible, especially in years of (d) low precipitation. To lower the amounts and costs of property damage, the federal government must increase (e) funding for controlled burns that rejuvenate forests and reduce the chances of wildfires.

46. 두 글에서 공통으로 다루고 있는 주제를 <보기>에서 바르게 골라 묶은 것은?

— 보기 —
(a) Can wildfires be completely controlled?
(b) Are wildfires always bad for forests?
(c) What's the best policy against wildfires?
(d) Is rural development responsible for wildfires?

- ① (a), (c) ② (a), (d) ③ (b), (c)
- ④ (b), (d) ⑤ (c), (d)

47. 글 (A)와 (B)의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것끼리 짝지은 것은?

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|----------------------|-----|
| (A) | (B) | (A) | (B) |
| ① wind ... natural | | ② people ... common | |
| ③ accident ... common | | ④ people ... natural | |
| ⑤ wind ... common | | | |

48. 글 (B)의 밑줄 친 (a) ~ (e) 중에서, 글 (A)의 **a buffer zone**에 상응하는 것은?

- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)

[49~50] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A) The date is June 24, 1859. Suddenly, there he is, atop a hill overlooking the plain of Solferino. Napoleon's troops prepare for battle with the Austrians below, and Henri Dunant has a box-seat view from his place on the hill. Trumpets blare, muskets crack and cannons boom. The two armies crash into each other, as Henri looks on, transfixed. He sees the dust rising. He hears the screams of the injured. He watches bleeding, maimed men take their last breaths as he stares in horror at the scene below.

(B) Many people's lives can be divided into Act One and Act Two. The first performance ends when one decides to ultimately follow a new direction or passion. Henri Dunant's old life, driven by financial success, prestige and power, no longer satisfied him. A new Henri Dunant emerged in **Act Two**. For some, Act Two may begin with a conversion, or a turning point. Others speak of a defining moment. However it is understood, the "old self" is laid to rest and a new self is born — one governed by principle, spirit, and passion. You may be ready for Act Two. It may be the next scene of a life that counts.

(C) He realizes in the village that his life will never be the same again. Driven by a powerful passion to abolish war, Henri Dunant will eventually lose his successful banking career and (a) all his worldly possessions only to die as a virtual unknown in an obscure poorhouse. But we remember Henri today because he was the first recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize in 1901. We also remember him because of the movement he founded — the Red Cross. He was the person who was motivated by love, compassion and (b) an overriding commitment to abolish the horrors of war.

(D) Henri doesn't mean to be there. He is only on a business trip — to speak to Napoleon III about (c) a financial transaction between the Swiss and the French. But he arrived late and now finds himself in a position to witness first-hand the atrocities of war. What Henri sees from his hill, however, pales in comparison with (d) what he is soon to witness. Entering a small town shortly after the fierce encounter, Henri now observes (e) the battle's refugees. Every building is filled with the mangled, the injured, the dead. Henri decides to stay in the village three more days to comfort the young soldiers.

49. 글 (A)에 이어질 문단의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B) - (C) - (D) ② (B) - (D) - (C) ③ (C) - (D) - (B)
- ④ (D) - (B) - (C) ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

50. (a)~(e) 중, 밑줄 친 **Act Two**에 해당하는 것은?

- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)

* 확인 사항
○ 답안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하시오.